TAPPING THE BEER KEG

(SINGLE VALVE-TYPE KEG)

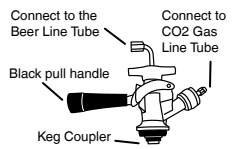

fig. 1

fig. 2

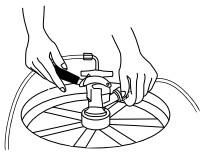

fig. 3

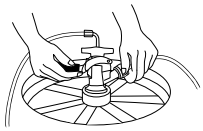

fig. 4

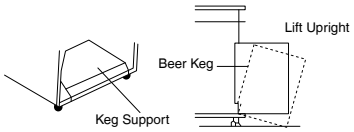

fig. 5

Follow these steps below to tap the Beer Keg.

1. Make sure the black pull handle of the Keg Coupler is in the closed (up) position before installing it on the keg (Fig. 1). Insert the Keg Coupler into the locking neck of the Beer Keg and turn clockwise until it locks into position (Fig. 2). This means that it is secured to the Beer Keg.
2. Make sure the Beer Tower Faucet is in the closed (handle pointing straight back) position before connecting the Keg Coupler to the Keg (Fig. 3). To secure the tank connection, pull the Keg Coupler handle out and push down until it locks into position. Listen for the "click" of the pull handle when it shifts into the final downward position (Fig. 4). This will open the beer and CO_2 gas valves. The Keg is now tapped.
3. Carefully tilt the Keg and rest the edge on the Keg Base Board on the bottom of the Interior Cabinet. Slide the Beer Keg slowly, ensuring that it is properly located (Fig. 5) and carefully close the door.

HOW TO OPERATE

Follow the steps below to dispense beer.

1. Make sure that the KEGORATOR™ is plugged in properly to a 120V, 60Hz, 15 Amps grounded AC outlet.
2. Place the drip tray under the beer faucet to avoid messes from excess beer.
3. Open the beer faucet by pulling the tap towards you to dispense the beer. If for any reason the beer does not come out of the tap, please refer to the **Tapping the Beer Keg** section.
4. Increase the pressure if the beer runs too slowly (see Regulator section).
5. Hold the glass steady at a 45° angle. When it is $^{2}/_{3}$ full, straighten the glass. Proper foam should be a tight creamy head and the collar on an average glass should be ¾" to 1" high, ideally.

HELPFUL TIPS

- It is recommended that you flush the hoses with water prior to first use to remove any dust and debris from shipping.
- Only open the CO_2 Tank ¼ turn to begin with and then use the regulator to adjust to desired pour. If it is not enough, continue to open the CO_2 Tank by ¼ turn and use regulator until desired setting is reached.
- It is normal to see condensation form on the faucet. It is caused by the difference in temperature between the cold beer and the inside of the faucet when beer is flowing through the line.
- If your CO_2 Tank Band breaks during assembly, it is recommended to use a bungee cord to secure CO_2 Tank.
- Humidity can cause ice to build up inside the KEGORATOR™ so you will need to periodically defrost it. There is a hole in the back of the unit that will allow water to drain out of the KEGORATOR™.

Foamy Beer

Follow these steps to prevent foamy beer:

- Confirm the packing spring in the Coupler is removed and discarded. It is not to be placed inside the Coupler when unit is assembled.
- Make sure there is only (1) Backflow Stopper inserted and it falls out easily if the Coupler is flipped over. If you have to force it out with a screwdriver, it is getting lodged in the Coupler. Try exchanging it with the replacement.
- Confirm the beer lines are not kinked and are clean.

To prevent foamy beer, you may need to bring down your pressure, even if it is below the recommended 8-12 PSI:

- Before lowering the pressure, close the CO_2 Shut Off Valve (turn to 9 o'clock position) and use the provided 1.5mm Allen Wrench to loosen the Allen Screw on the red +/- adjustment dial. This will restrict excess CO_2 from entering the keg.
- Adjust the pressure down to 6 PSI. Lock the red +/- dial back in place by tightening with the Allen Wrench.
- Pull the Release Valve on the Regulator to get an accurate reading of CO_2 pressure.
- With the Shut Off Valve still closed, move down to your Coupler.
- Pull the release valve on the Coupler to remove any excess CO_2 that may have been pushed into the keg at another point.
- Once most or all has released, open the Shut Off Valve (6 o'clock position) and attempt to pour a beer.

This should prevent and/or correct foamy beer.

- Keep in mind that jostling a keg can create foamy beer.
- Temperature also may affect the beer, so be sure it is not too warm or too cold. 37 degrees F is an ideal temperature.
- A faulty valve on the keg itself may cause the Coupler to not seat well. Make sure all connections are secure and tightened (not just tightened by hand). Ensure all O-rings and Washers are intact and correctly placed. Confirm Directional Washer (#4) has a hole in it when pinched between the fingers.